Dosage and Method of Administration:

As an antipyretic, aspirin is usually given every 4 to 6 hours or as prescribed by the physician.

Note: In patients with liver or kidney function disturbances, the dose must be reduced or the interval between doses increased.

Overdose: Poisoning may be watched for in the elderly and also in young children (the therapeutic overdose or toxic alkaletic poisoning is in whom it may be fatal.

Symptoms:

Massive poisoning:

Nausea, vomiting, stomach pain, altered mental state, and loss of consciousness are observed in cases of overdose and can be controlled by a dosage reduction.

Other Poisoning:

Feet: Perioral edema, hemorrhages into the skin, subcutaneous tissues, muscle, and the fascia, localized edema, and shock, respiratory failure.

Infections with hepatic damage, death usually occurs through respiratory failure.

Emergency Treatment:

- Immediate transfer to a hospital specialist unit.
- Gastric lavage, administration of activated charcoal, check of acid-base balance.
- Alkaline diuresis to correct a urinary 

Drug Interactions:

Metoclopramide, Anticoagulants, Thiazides, Diuretics, Antihistamines, Thrombolytics, and other antiplatelet agents, Systemic glucocorticoids except Prednisone, used as replacement therapy in Addison’s Disease, Vildipine, Atenolol.

Formulation: 100mg tablet: One tablet contains 100mg aspirin.

Availability: Box of 100 tablets (10 x 10 tablets)

Properties: Acetylsalicylic Acid is a platelet-aggregation inhibitor, analgesic, anti-inflammatory, and anti-thrombotic agent.

Indications: Aspirin 100mg is used for the following conditions:

- For reducing the risk of morbidity in patients with suspected acute myocardial infarction.
- For reducing the risk of morbidity and mortality in patients with previously established myocardial infarction.
- For secondary prevention of stroke.
- For reducing the risk of recurrent ischemic attacks (TIA) and stroke in patients with TIA.
- For reducing the risk of morbidity and mortality in patients with stable angina pectoris.
- For prevention of thromboembolism after vascular surgery or interventions, e.g., PCI, CABG, cardiac valve surgery, etc.
- For prophylaxis of deep vein thrombosis and lung embolism after longer-term immobilization, e.g., after major surgery.
- For reducing the risk of new myocardial infarction in patients with cardiovascular risk factors, e.g., diabetes mellitus, hypertension, hypercholesterolemia, smoking, and old age.
- As an analgesic/anti-inflammatory for quick relief from fever, headache, and toothache.

Note: Owing to the possibility of Reye’s syndrome, Aspirin 100mg should not be given to children and adolescents with feverish disease only on the doctor’s instructions, and only if no other measures have proved ineffective.

Contraindications:

- In the presence of gastric or duodenal ulcers.
- In the presence of hemodynamic disturbances.
- Hypersensitivity to aspirin or to other salicylates, or to liver or kidney impairment.
- A history of asthma, induced by the administration of salicylates or substances with a similar action, notably re-increased renal or gastrointestinal drugs.
- Combination with antiplatelet drugs at doses of 50mg or more (see interactions with other medications and other forms of medication).
- Last trimester of pregnancy.

Precaution and Warnings:

- First and second trimester of pregnancy.
- During breastfeeding, use only at doses of 5000 mg or less.
- In the presence of chronic renal or hepatic disease.
- In the presence of impaired renal function or impaired hepatic function.
- In the presence of severe fever or kidney damage.
- Hypersensitivity to aspirin or to other salicylates, or to liver or kidney impairment.
- Medical products containing aspirin should not be used in children and adolescents with feverish disease only on the doctor’s instructions.
- Alcoholic or morphine addicts, because of the possibility of Reye’s syndrome, a rare but serious disease.
- Patients with bronchial asthma, chronic bronchitis, or other obstructive respiratory disease, or fever, or swelling of the nose, or nasal polyps, may react to aspirin or similar substances.
- Localized swelling of the skin or mucous membranes, or urticaria, nausea, vomiting more frequently than other patients.
- Use of an inhibitor effect on platelet aggregation, aspirin may lead to an increased bleeding tendency during and after surgical operations.
- Patients should consult with their physicians concerning the use of aspirin.

- A low dose, aspirin reduces the incidence of stroke. This may not occur in patients who already have a low stroke event risk.

- Ability to drive and use machines: No effects on ability to drive and use machines have been observed.

Drug Interactions:

Methotrexate, Anticoagulants, Urokinase, Dipyridamole, Thrombolytics, and other antiplatelet agents, Systemic glucocorticoids except Prednisone, used as replacement therapy in Addison’s Disease, Vildipine, Atenolol.

BAYER ASPIRIN

FORMULATION: 100mg tablet: One tablet contains 100mg aspirin.

AVAILABILITY: Box of 100 tablets (10 x 10 tablets)

PROPERTIES: Acetylsalicylic Acid is a platelet-aggregation inhibitor, analgesic, anti-inflammatory, and anti-thrombotic agent.

INDICATIONS: Aspirin 100mg is used for reducing the risk of morbidity in patients with suspected acute myocardial infarction, for reducing the risk of morbidity and mortality in patients with previously established myocardial infarction, for secondary prevention of stroke, for reducing the risk of recurrent ischemic attacks (TIA) and stroke in patients with TIA, for reducing the risk of morbidity and mortality in patients with stable angina pectoris, for prevention of thromboembolism after vascular surgery or interventions, e.g., PCI, CABG, cardiac valve surgery, etc., for prophylaxis of deep vein thrombosis and lung embolism after longer-term immobilization, e.g., after major surgery, for reducing the risk of new myocardial infarction in patients with cardiovascular risk factors, e.g., diabetes mellitus, hypertension, hypercholesterolemia, smoking, and old age, as an analgesic/anti-inflammatory for quick relief from fever, headache, and toothache.

NOTE: Owing to the possibility of Reye’s syndrome, Aspirin 100mg should not be given to children and adolescents with feverish disease only on the doctor’s instructions, and only if no other measures have proved ineffective. Aspirin 100mg should not be used for a prolonged period or in high doses without consulting the doctor or dentist.

CONTRAINdications:

- In the presence of gastric or duodenal ulcers.
- In the presence of hemodynamic disturbances.
- Hypersensitivity to aspirin or to other salicylates, or to liver or kidney impairment.
- A history of asthma, induced by the administration of salicylates or substances with a similar action, notably re-increased renal or gastrointestinal drugs.
- Combination with antiplatelet drugs at doses of 50mg or more (see interactions with other medications and other forms of medication).
- Last trimester of pregnancy.

PRECAUTION and WARNINGS:

- First and second trimester of pregnancy.
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- Ability to drive and use machines: No effects on ability to drive and use machines have been observed.

- Drug Interactions: Methotrexate, Anticoagulants, Urokinase, Dipyridamole, Thrombolytics, and other antiplatelet agents, Systemic glucocorticoids except Prednisone, used as replacement therapy in Addison’s Disease, Vildipine, Atenolol.

DOSAGE and METHOD of ADMINISTRATION:

As an antipyretic, aspirin is usually given every 4 to 6 hours or as prescribed by the physician.

NOTE: In patients with liver or kidney function disturbances, the dose must be reduced or the interval between doses increased.

OVERDOSAGE: Poisoning may be watched for in the elderly and also in young children (the therapeutic overdose or toxic alkaletic poisoning is in whom it may be fatal.

SYMPTOMS:

Massive poisoning:

Nausea, vomiting, stomach pain, altered mental state, and loss of consciousness are observed in cases of overdose and can be controlled by a dosage reduction.

Other poisoning:

Feet: Perioral edema, hemorrhages into the skin, subcutaneous tissues, muscle, and the fascia, localized edema, and shock, respiratory failure.

Infections with hepatic damage, death usually occurs through respiratory failure.

EMERGENCY TREATMENT:

- Immediate transfer to a hospital specialist unit.
- Gastric lavage, administration of activated charcoal, check of acid-base balance.
- Alkaline diuresis to correct a urinary 

DRUGS WITH SPECIAL SENSES: Disinfectants and imidazoles, which are usually indicated in overdose.

STORAGE: Store below 25°C. Protect from moisture.

CAUTION: Foods, Drugs, Devices, and Cosmetic Act prohibits dispensing without prescription.

KEEP OUT of reach of children.

BAYER ASPIRIN 100mg Tablet.

BAYER PHARMACEUTICALS LIMITED

901 East 2nd Avenue

Delta, British Columbia

V4K 2L9

Imprinted with Bayer Pharmaceuticals Limited Canada. Germany.

Manufactured by Bayer, Aspirin 100 Tagetabletten.

1000 tablets. (10 x 100 tablets)

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